

SESSION #11:

EXAMPLE OF AN INNOVATIVE PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP IN SENEGAL







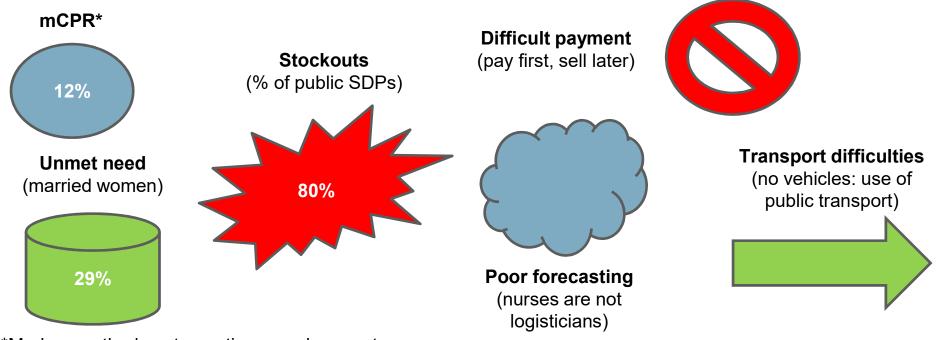
INFORMED PUSH MODEL Approach in Senegal and the transition to Yeksi naa

GFF Dakar, April 2018





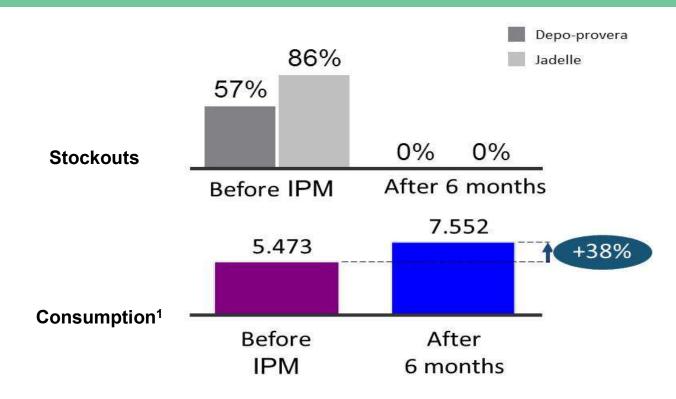
Causes and Consequences



*Modern method contraceptive prevalence rate

No accurate data on commodity consumption to upper levels

IPM Pilot in Two Districts (2012)



¹ Sum of quantities of IUD, Jadelle, Depo-Provera, & pills consumed



─ Birth of a new 3-year IPM project (2013-2016)

Objective: The Informed Push Model (IPM) is a distribution model of delivering FP products to the SDPs, including 3PL integration, data collection, transmission and post-consumer cost recovery.

Key Objectives:

Sustainably eliminate product stock outs in the **Health Facilities**

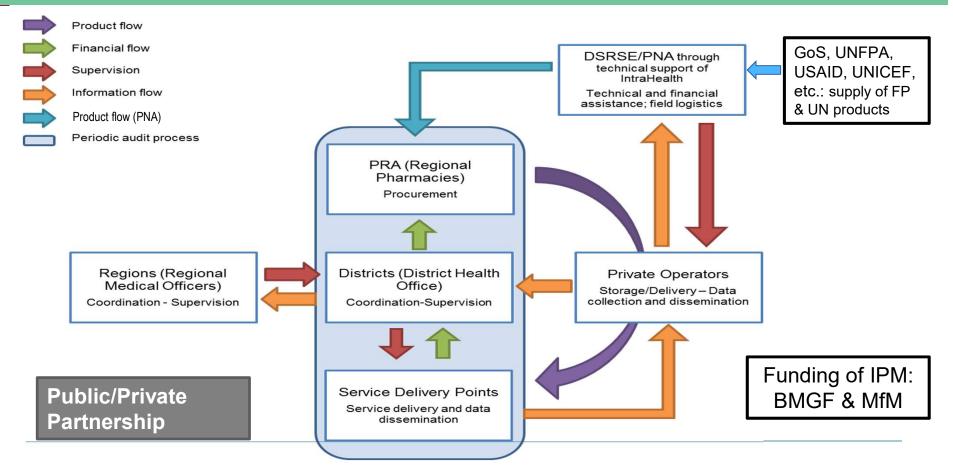
Collect reliable and consistent real-time consumption data for supply chain & program management

Sustain the approach in the health system: transformation of the PNA supply chain



IPM Approach Description

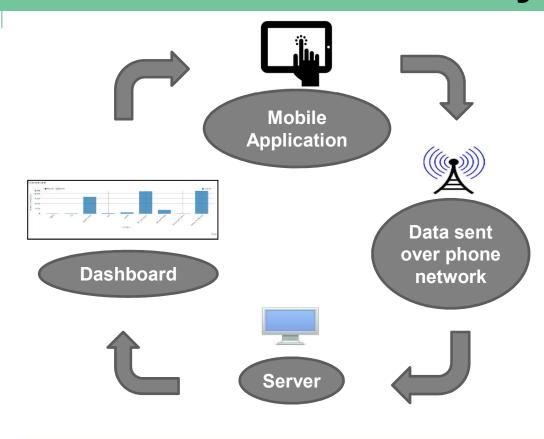




Distribution by 3PLs at SDPs



Data Collection by 3PLs



Data collection from SDPs

Collection of SDP data with a tablet by 3PLs using CommCare platform

Synchronization of tablets with the server and upload of SDP data on CommCare

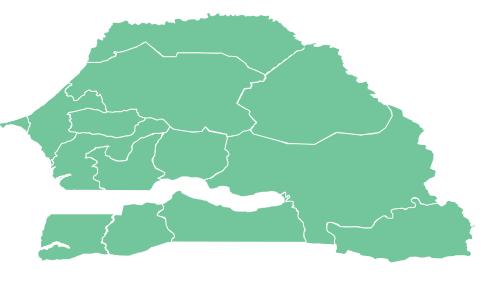
Visibility of inventory loading at SDPs after delivery

Availability of SDP-level consumption and inventory data along the chain to quantify orders, estimate PNA cost recovery and consider program changes

IPM Country Wide Implementation

- 14 Regions, 76 Districts, 1,375 health facilities enrolled in 2 years;
- Compliance with product management standards;
- Adherence to prices per the 2010 circular letter;
- Continuing cost recovery in the Districts;
- ~38% Increase in FP product consumption.

Contribution to the increase of the national mCPR
16.1% in 2013 to 23.1% in 2016



14 regions with IPM implemented by 5 private third-party logistics (3PLs) companies

IPM: FP Results: stock outs, unmet need and mCPR



Transition of IPM to Yeksi naa

- 1. Success of Informed Push Model with Integration
 - Integration of 33 health program products;
 - Reduction of stock out rates to less than 2% and 100% data availability.
- 2. Birth of "Jegesi naa" (PNA)
 - PNA "Jegesi naa" Test in Fatick.
- 3. Selection of Model to combine "Jegesi naa" and IPM to create "Yeksi naa".





Yeksi Naa: Context

Reach
National and
International
Objectives

OMD/ODD



National Pharmaceutical Policy

Coverage

Access to quality care

Available Competent Personnel

Make available all quality health products geographically and financially

Identified Needs

- Need for quality medicine and products
- Need to make available the quantity and quality of products to the health facilities, even in emergency situations
- Need to satisfy the demand of the health structures
- Need to collect logistical data to measure the impact of the health projects and initiatives



Availability in the Regions





Yeksi Naa: Context

Lack of Financial Means

Unknown visibility and understanding of stock consumption

Inadequate Quantification of Needs

Absence of Logistic Means

Challenge of large distances

Challenge of Remoteness of PPS

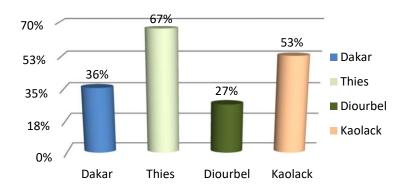


Frequent stock outs at the district depots

Baseline study conducted

Supply Chain Issues

- MSAS, 2011: 30% of beneficiaries had unmet need in modern contraceptives
- McKinsey, 2013: 46% of SDPs didn't have the full range of FP products. 80% of SDPs had stock outs. 60% of these stock outs occured when there was sufficient product at the national level.







What is Yeksi Naa?



New distribution model for essentiel medicine and products to the SDPs (Wolof Term which means « I have arrived » in English)

What is Yeksi Naa?

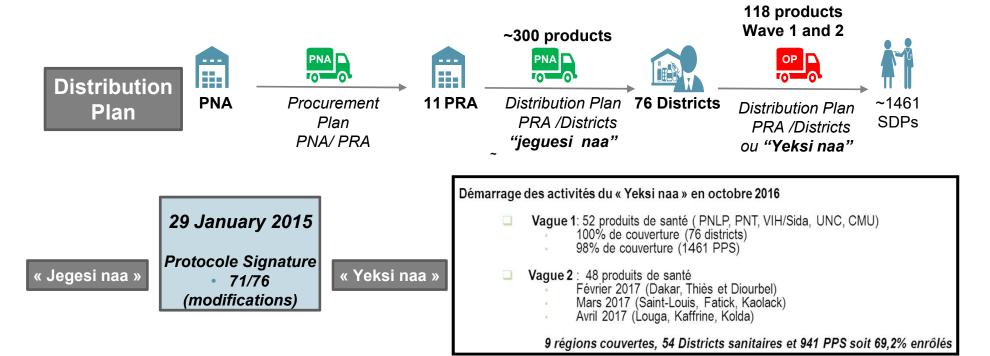
A new distribution model which brings health products to the last mile. It combines the PNA's *Jegesi Naa* Approach and the Informed Push Model (IPM), which pushes PF products to the SDPs.

How does Yeksi Naa work?

Yeksi Naa increases the availability at SDPs by establishing partnerships with private operators, improving electronic data collection and analysis and defining monitoring procedures for stock.



Yeksi Naa: Planning and Distribution Cycle







Yeksi Naa: 3PL selection process

Selection
process PNA
Private
Operators
"Code of
Public Tender
Process"
DCMP

Provisions (budget)

- (Call for Tenders) DRP 400 000 000 Francs CFA
- Client Market

07 du 1er janvier 2015 application de l'article 78CMP

Stages and Deadlines

- 1. Preparation of Tender (2 days) (IC-DPOA-PA-CCAG-CCAP)
- 2. Review by the DCMP (7 and 15 days)
- 3. Announcement of Tender (30 days)
- 4. Review of offers (15 days)
- 5. Contractualisation with selected private operators (10 days)

60 to 90 Days





Yeksi Naa: Results

Results
achieved as of
Dec 31, 2017 on
« Yeksi naa »
Performance
Indicators

- 1. Availability of Stock Consummation Data: 100%
- 2. Stock Situation: 1 424 256 912 F CFA (2,171,265 EUR), (3 millions intial staffing)
- 3. SDP Coverage: 52% (1,698/3,264 Visits)
- 4. Availability of the product range: 75% all products and 93% (85%) FP products
- 5. invoice Recovery: 81% cost recovery
- 1. Circular Note 05580 /MSAS/DGS/DES/PNA on 3 May 2016 on enrollment of Districts in « jegesi naa» & «Yeksi naa »

Sustainability of the Supply Chain System

- 2. Circular Letter 12499/MSAS/DGS/DES/PNA on 14 October 2016 son the introduction of private operators in the health system
- 3. Circular Letter 7470/MSAS/DGS/DES/PNA on 20 June 2017 on the 25% margin redistribution payment by health facilities
- 4. Circular Letter 15276 /MSAS/DGS/DES/PNA on 08 December 2017 increasing the management fees





Yeksi Naa as of January 31, 2018

Dakar 10 districts/10 (160/160)379 PPS/1452 **Ziguinchor** 5 districts/5 (105/105)Coverage of SDPs in **Thies** January 2018 5 districts/9 (65/162)Diourbel Average availability: 75% 2 districts/4 (49/97)Average availability: 93% (PF) No distribution « jegesi naa » 100% allowed visits for the other SDPs to re-stock regions





Yeksi Naa: Difficulties Encountered

Causes

Difficulties Encountered

Obligation to adhere to strict process and tender procedure

Non Application of Circular Letter: 7470 of 20 June 2017 sharing of **IPM** costs (covers 65% of charges estimated to be 1,1 billion FCFA)

of a MoH budget line for its contribution (covers 15% of **IPM** costs)

Lack of inclusion

Lack of motivation by health district stock manager to supervise YN activities





Yeksi Naa: Difficulties Encountered

Difficulties Encountered

Delay in application of note 15276 of 08 Dec. 2017 (covers 20% of IPM charges)

Only 22% of funding the Emergency Plan by other partners

Causes

Current status of PNA (as government entity) and limitations with regards to procurement

Delayed payments by the SDPs to the PNA leading to reduced cash flow





Yeksi Naa

1

Lack of understanding by the PNA of the contractual terms with IT provider, which caused several blockages

3

Decision to stop the collection of electronic real time data with tablets since September 22, 2017

Difficulties Encountered

Delay in transferring CommCare to the PNA

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2

Delay in the migration of historical data onto the PNA local server

Lack of clarity on the specific location of data on the virtual cloud and the PNA local server





Ajustement de la mise en ouvre

Stabilization *Avril 2018-Avril2019*

Maturation Avril 2019-Avril2020

Sustainability-Avril 2020

Roadmap ajustment

Needs: Partner financing, Investissement folder for Senegal







MoH, PNA and Partners are all committed to making Yeksi Naa a successful and sustainable approach in Senegal