Mozambique

Country Focus Areas

- Improve coverage of RMNCAH-N services.
- Support the government's commitment to keep the share of government health expenditures in total expenditure stable initially (at 7.9 percent) and increase it to 9.5 percent by 2021.
- Increase the number of technical health staff and community health workers, the availability of essential drugs in primary care facilities, and spending in underserved provinces and districts.
- Reduce fragmentation through investment case.
- certification, and coding of the cause of death for deaths in health facilities and the release of statistical reports.

RMNCAH-N Core Indicators

Maternal mortality ratio: 408 per 100,000 live births

MOZAMBIQUE

Neonatal mortality ratio: 30 per 1,000 live births

Under-five mortality ratio: 97 per 1,000 live births

Adolescent birth rate: 194 per 1,000 women

Percent of births <24 months after the preceding birth: 18.8%

Stunting among children under 5 years of age: **42.6**%

Moderate to severe wasting among children under 5 years of age: 5.9%

Health Financing Core Indicators

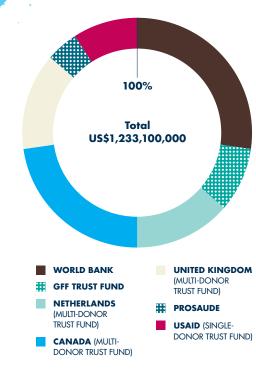
Health expenditure per capita financed from domestic sources: **US\$10.25**

Ratio of government health expenditure to total government expenditures: 8.35%

Percent of current health expenditures on primary/outpatient health care:

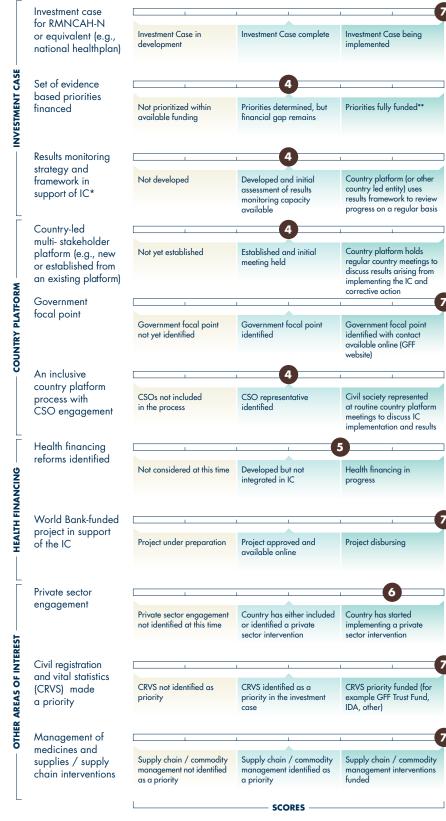
Incidence of catastrophic and impoverishing health expenditures: 1.61% catastrophic 0.55% impoverishing

Resource Mapping



was conducted as part of the development of the Investment Case, Mozambique has committed to developing a fully funded investment case with prioritized investments to ensure no financing gap. These budgets are indicative commit 2019 and beyond. All contributions in the chart are channeled through government systems. In addition, there are development partners that are financing the IC through parallel financing (e.g. DFID's first contribution to the Investment Case was channeled through UN agencies). There are two multidonor trust funds. One with financing from DFID, Netherlands, Canada, USAID (through a single-donor trust fund managed by the World Bank), the World Bank, and GFF. The second one, PROSAUDE, is the health sector common fund that provides budget support to the Ministry of Health. Several partners, including the Global Fund, Gavi and the Government of Sweden, contribute to the IC but channel their funding through other mechanisms.

Monitoring the Country-Led Process



- * Both included in the IC document or a separate document
- ** Meaning that funding was allocated, disbursed and released payment done
- *** ANC4 = four antenatal care visits

ART = antiretroviral therapy: ARV = antiretroviral: DTP3 = vaccination for Diphtheria. Tetanus, and Pertussis: ORS = oral rehydration solution: PMTCT = prevention of mother-to-child transmission; PNC = postnatal care.

Multi Donor Trust Fund support of the

Incentivize death registration,

■ Implement reforms of the private sector supply chain.